Rethinking Level of Service

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Three Streets







Level of Service?

Engineering or Planning?

Intersection LOS is a measure of delay aggregated across a group of **drivers** under **specific** traffic conditions... so it's **good** for evaluating **engineering** decisions:

- How well have I allocated signal time and phases at an intersection?
- How well have I allocated vehicle lanes among competing drivers?

Engineering or Planning?

Intersection LOS is a measure of delay aggregated across a group of **drivers** under **specific** traffic conditions... so it's **bad** for evaluating **planning** decisions:

- How safe is this street?
- How well does this street work for pedestrians, bus riders, and cyclists?
- How well does this street work for all drivers?

Engineering or Planning?

Why do we use a metric suited to engineering individual intersections to plan entire streets, an even entire cities?

Our Metrics Must Evolve

Goals

Design for **safety**

Design for all users of the street

Design great public spaces



Strategies

Designing safer streets, to provide safe and attractive options for all street users ...

Building great public spaces to create economic value and neighborhood vitality ...

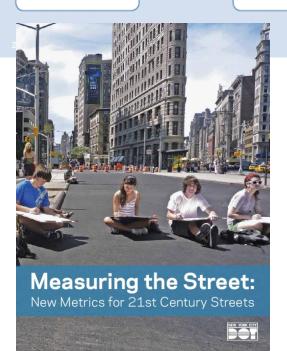
Improving bus service to bring rapid transit beyond the subway

Reducing delay and speeding to allow for faster, safer travel.....

Efficiency in parking and loading to improve access to businesses andneighborhoods

Metrics

- Crashes and injuries for motorists, pedestrians, and cyclists
- Volume of vehicles, bus passengers, bicycle riders, and users of public space
- Traffic speed, aiming to move traffic not too I slowly, but also not too fast
- Economic vitality, including growth in retail activity
- User satisfaction
- Environmental and public health benefits





Our Metrics Must Evolve

METRICS

Mobility – Automobile

Safety

Access/Mobility – Multimodal

Public Health

Economic Development

Environmental Quality

Livability/Quality of Life

- Volumes (ATR, MTC, class'n)
- Vehicular LOS (delay, V/C, etc)
- Crash Total (all, by mode, etc)
- Exposure (crashes/volume)
- Multimodal volumes & LOS
- Curb/parking availability
- Minutes/physical activity/day
- Rates of obesity, diabetes, etc
- # of businesses, employment
- Retail sales, visitor spending
- Air quality, water quality
- Urban heat island, energy
- User satisfaction
- "Staying" activities, events

Crash reduction

West 181st Street, Manhattan



Crash reduction

Crashes with Injuries

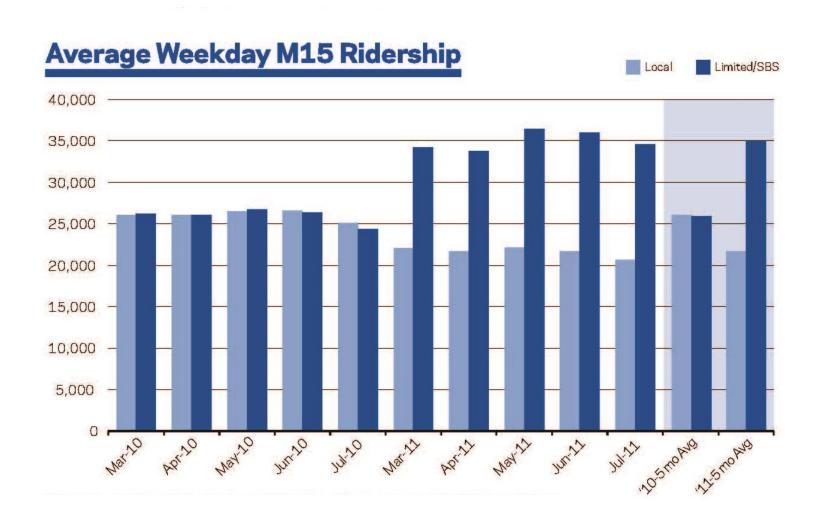
West 181st Street from Riverside Drive to Amsterdam Avenue

	Before* (three previous years)			After
Total Crashes with Injuries	88	108	96	38.8
Number of Crashes with Injuries to:				
Motor Vehicle Occupants	47	60	60	21.9
Pedestrians	40	42	32	14.8
Bicyclists	2	8	5	2.1

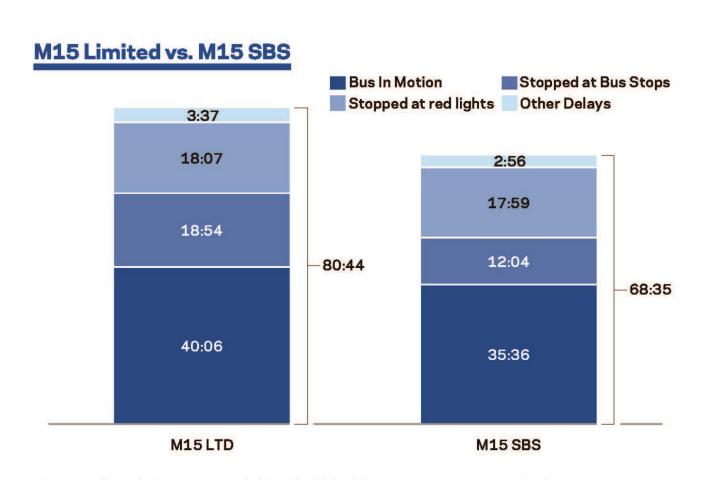
Transit ridership



Transit ridership



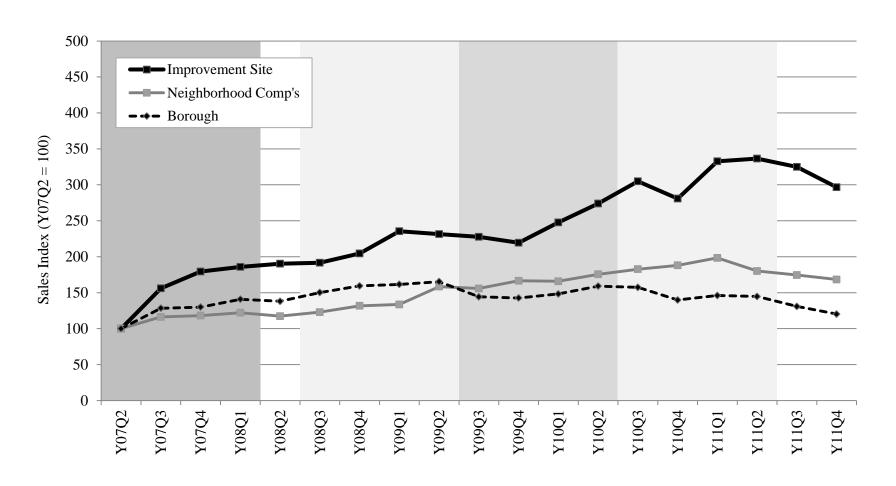
Transit ridership



Economic benefits



Economic benefits



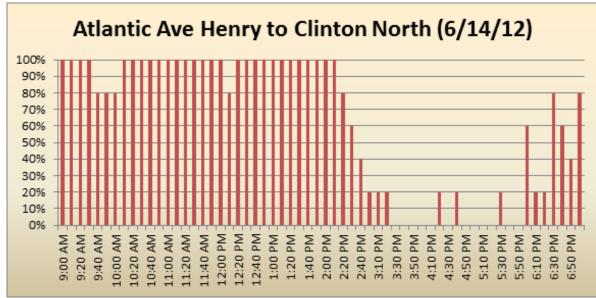
Accessibility





Accessibility





Reliability



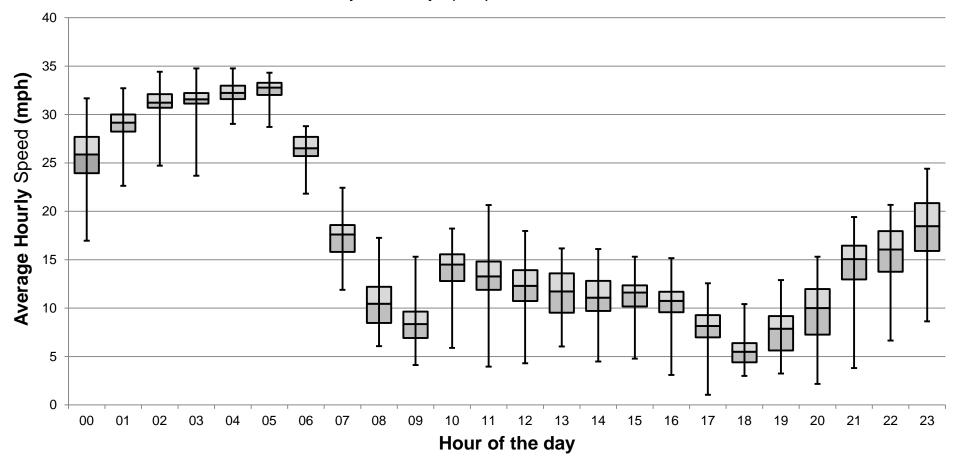
Same street, same block, same peak, same day... which will you experience?

Fifth Avenue, Manhattan

Reliability

5th Avenue [49th St to 42nd St]

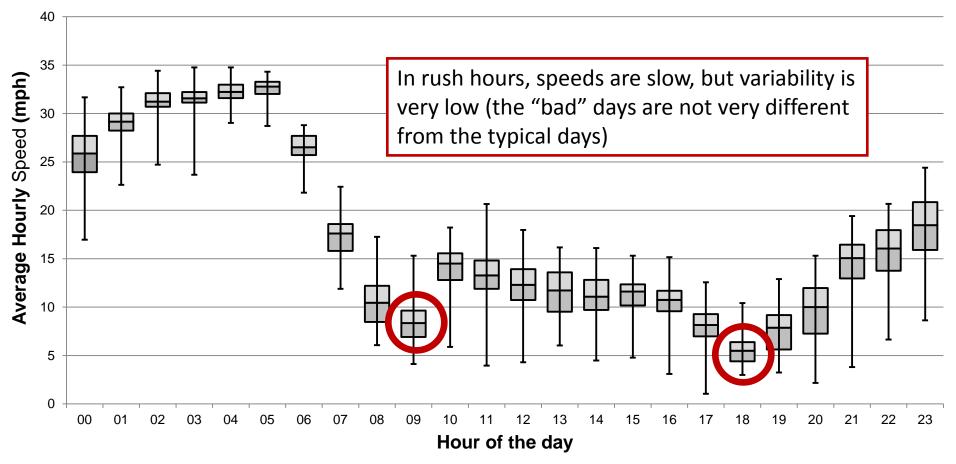
Non-holiday weekdays | September - November 2011



Reliability

5th Avenue [49th St to 42nd St]

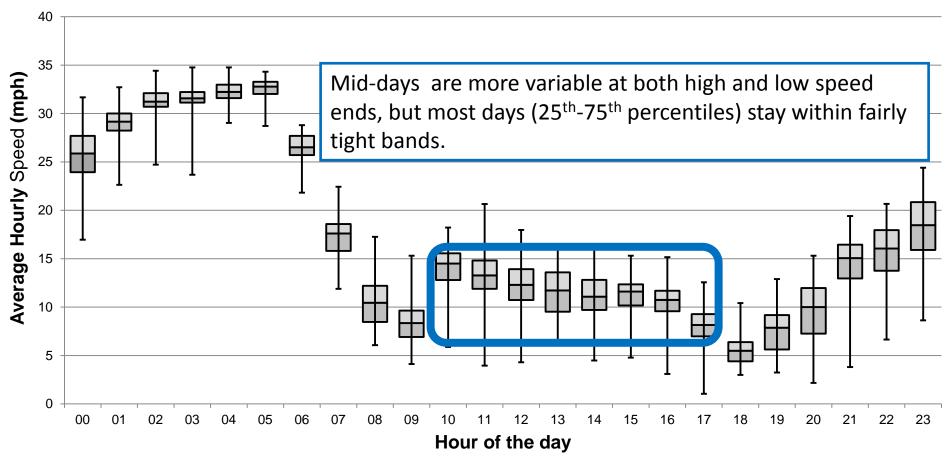
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Reliability

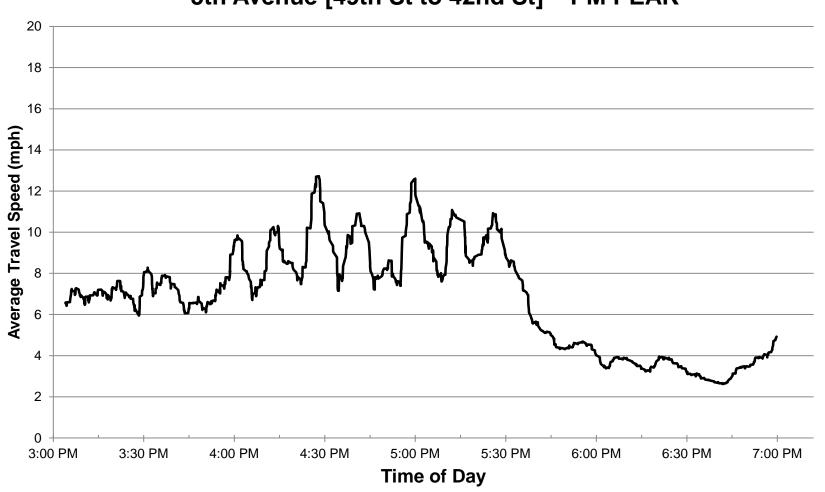
5th Avenue [49th St to 42nd St]

Non-holiday weekdays | September - November 2011



Reliability

5th Avenue [49th St to 42nd St] – PM PEAK



Questions?

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